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	APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR:			ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.
	09/250,769	02/15/99	OSTLUND		R	P03496US1
Γ	EDMUND J SEASE		HM12/0526		EXAMINER	
					JORDA	N,K
	801 GRAND A	VENUE	•		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	SUITE 3200 DES MOINES	IA 50209			1614	4
				•	DATE MAILED	: 05/26/99

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks

Application No.

09/250,769

Applicant(s)

Ostlund

Office Action Summary

Examiner

Kimberly Jordan

Group Art Unit 1614



Responsive to communication(s) filed on						
☐ This action is FINAL .						
Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11; 453 O.G. 213.						
A shortened statutory period for response to this action is set to exis longer, from the mailing date of this communication. Failure to rapplication to become abandoned. (35 U.S.C. § 133). Extensions 37 CFR 1.136(a).	espond within the period for response will cause the					
Disposition of Claims						
X Claim(s) 1-16	is/are pending in the application.					
Of the above, claim(s)	is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
Claim(s)	is/are allowed.					
X Claim(s) 1-16	is/are rejected.					
Claim(s)	is/are objected to.					
☐ Claims	are subject to restriction or election requirement.					
Application Papers						
☐ See the attached Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Re	eview, PTO-948.					
The drawing(s) filed on is/are objected	to by the Examiner.					
☐ The proposed drawing correction, filed on	is approved disapproved.					
☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
\square The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign priority und	der 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d).					
☐ All ☐ Some* ☐ None of the CERTIFIED copies of th	e priority documents have been					
☐ received.						
☐ received in Application No. (Series Code/Serial Number	er)					
\square received in this national stage application from the Inte	ernational Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).					
*Certified copies not received:						
☐ Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119(e).					
Attachment(s)						
☐ Notice of References Cited, PTO-892						
X Information Disclosure Statement(s), PTO-1449, Paper No(s)	2					
☐ Interview Summary, PTO-413						
☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review, PTO-948	$(A \subseteq A)$					
☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application, PTO-152						
	KIMBÉRLY JORDAN					
	PRIMARY EXAMINER GROUP_1200-					
SEE OFFICE ACTION ON THE	1/ 14					

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Claims 1-16 are presented for examination.

Claim 14 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. Regarding claim 14, the phrase "including" renders the claim indefinite because it is unclear whether the limitation(s) following the phrase are part of the claimed invention. See MPEP § 2173.05(d).

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Straub (AA). The claims appear to be drawn to a composition and method of lowering cholesterol absorption by administering a composition or food product containing sitostanol and an alkali metal reaction product of lactic acid and a fatty acid as an emulsifier. Straub teaches sitostanol to be useful in lowering cholesterol absorption (see abstract). Straub also teaches that sitostanol may be formulated with emulsifiers such as sodium lauryl sulfate (see column 6, lines 3-22). The claims differ from the cited reference in claiming the lactic acid esters of the fatty acid salts. To substitute the lactic acid esters would have been obvious because fatty acid salts of lactic acid esters such as sodium stearoyl-2-lactylate are well known emulsifiers and would be expected to work as well as sodium lauryl sulfate. Furthermore, the sodium stearoyl-2-lactylate has not been

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demonstrated to produce unexpected results in comparison to the closest prior art (i.e., sodium lauryl sulfate). Thus, the claims fail to patentably distinguish over the state of the art as represented by the cited reference.

No claims are allowed.

Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to Kimberly Jordan at telephone number (703) 308-4611.

KIMBERLY JORDAN PRIMARY EXAMINER GROUP 1200

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JORDAN

May 24, 1999